[HOSPITAL NAME]

STANDING ORDER TO DISPENSE NALOXONE HYDROCHLORIDE

Naloxone is indicated for treatment of opioid overdose. It may be delivered intranasally or intramuscularly. This standing order is current as of [TODAY’S DATE] and issued in accordance with Section 1714.22 of the California Civil Code.*

1. This standing order authorizes [HOSPITAL NAME] Overdose Prevention Educators to maintain supplies of naloxone kits for the purposes of distributing them in the community those at risk of an overdose or other potential bystanders.

2. This standing order authorizes [HOSPITAL NAME] Overdose Prevention Educators to possess and distribute naloxone to Opioid Overdose Responders who have completed an overdose training and required documentation.

3. This standing order authorizes Opioid Overdose Responders trained by [HOSPITAL NAME] Overdose Prevention Educators to possess and administer naloxone to a person who is experiencing an opioid overdose.

Naloxone Dosage and Administration:

[HOSPITAL NAME] Overdose Prevention Educators will train opioid users and their contacts in the use of naloxone for the reversal of opioid overdose.

Program participants must meet all of the following criteria:

- Persons at risk of an opioid-related overdose, or a person who is a family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist a person at risk of an opioid-related overdose, by report or history;
- Able to understand and willing to learn the essential components of Overdose Prevention and Response and naloxone administration.

An Overdose Prevention Educator from [HOSPITAL NAME] will complete the required documentation with an eligible participant and engage the participant in a brief educational program about overdose prevention and response.

The educational program components will include:

- Recognizing signs and symptoms of overdose
- Calling 911
- Naloxone administration
- Rescue breathing
- Post-overdose care

Upon completion of the educational component, naloxone will be dispensed to trained program participants who will carry and use naloxone to treat individuals experiencing an opioid overdose.

Order to dispense:

Upon completion of an Overdose Prevention Training, dispense at minimum:
Two naloxone hydrochloride .4mg/ml vials and two 3ml syringes with 25g 1” needles.
OR
Two Evzio® (naloxone HCl) .4mg/1ml auto-injectors
OR
Two NARCAN® (naloxone HCl) 4mg/.1ml Nasal Spray

**Refills:** To be provided to previously trained participants as needed. When individuals return for a refill, a short report will be taken and training refresher will be offered.

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<tr>
<td>[CA medical LICENSE #]</td>
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<td>Physician’s Signature and License No.</td>
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<td>Physician’s Name (Print)</td>
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*Section 1714.22 of the CA Civil Code:

(c) (1) A licensed health care provider who is authorized by law to prescribe an opioid antagonist may issue standing orders for the distribution of an opioid antagonist to a person at risk of an opioid-related overdose or to a family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist a person at risk of an opioid-related overdose.

(d) (1) A person who is prescribed or possesses an opioid antagonist pursuant to a standing order shall receive the training provided by an opioid overdose prevention and treatment training program.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, a person who possesses or distributes an opioid antagonist pursuant to a prescription or standing order shall not be subject to professional review, be liable in a civil action, or be subject to criminal prosecution for this possession or distribution. Notwithstanding any other law, a person not otherwise licensed to administer an opioid antagonist, but trained as required under paragraph (1) of subdivision (d), who acts with reasonable care in administering an opioid antagonist, in good faith and not for compensation, to a person who is experiencing or is suspected of experiencing an overdose shall not be subject to professional review, be liable in a civil action, or be subject to criminal prosecution for this administration.